

Getting Started

OpenScape Contact Center Enterprise V8 R2 Client Desktop Getting Started Guide

Getting Started Guide

A31003-S2281-G101-4-7631

Our Quality and Environmental Management Systems are implemented according to the requirements of the ISO9001 and ISO14001 standard certified by an external certification company.

Copyright © Siemens Enterprise Communications GmbH & Co. KG May 2012
Hofmannstr. 51, D-80200 München

Siemens Enterprise Communications GmbH & Co. KG is a Trademark Licensee of Siemens AG

Reference No.: A31003-S2281-G101-4-7631

The information provided in this document contains merely general descriptions or characteristics of performance which in case of actual use do not always apply as described or which may change as a result of further development of the products. An obligation to provide the respective characteristics shall only exist if expressly agreed in the terms of contract. Availability and technical specifications are subject to change without notice.

OpenScape, OpenStage and HiPath are registered trademarks of Siemens Enterprise Communications GmbH & Co. KG.

All other company, brand, product and service names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

Contents

1 About this guide	5
1.1 Who should use this guide	5
1.2 Formatting conventions	5
1.3 Documentation feedback	6
2 Getting started	7
2.1 Logging on to the Client Desktop application	7
2.2 Working in the main window	8
2.2.1 Using the standard toolbar	9
2.3 Working with user states	10
2.3.1 About routing states	10
2.3.2 About handling states	11
2.3.3 About presence states	12
2.3.4 Changing your routing state	13
2.3.5 Changing the Unavailable or Work reason	13
2.3.6 Entering Post-processing handling state	14
2.3.7 Exiting Post-processing handling state	14
2.3.8 Automatic changes to Post-processing handling state	15
2.3.9 Changing the Post-processing reason	16
2.4 Working in the Contact Details window	17
2.4.1 Viewing information on the Details tab	18
2.4.2 Updating information on the Contact Data tab	18
2.4.3 Viewing information on the Directory tab	19
2.4.4 Completing a contact on the Wrap-up tab	19
2.5 Working with multiple contacts	19
2.5.1 Using the Active Contacts List	19
2.6 Displaying or hiding the Contacts Waiting Indicator	20
2.7 Requesting assistance	21
2.7.1 Initiating a request for assistance	22
2.7.2 Canceling a request for assistance	22
3 Handling calls	23
3.1 Logging on to voice	23
3.2 Answering a call	23
3.3 Responding to a call	24
3.3.1 Placing a call on hold and retrieving it	24
3.3.2 Consulting with another user on a call	24
3.3.3 Transferring a call	25
3.3.4 Conferencing on a call	27
3.4 Disconnecting from a call	27
3.5 Wrapping up a call	28
4 Handling callbacks	29
4.1 Logging on to callback	29
4.2 Accepting or deleting a callback request	30
4.3 Responding to a callback	30
4.4 Working with callback schedule entries	30

Contents

4.5	Disconnecting from a callback	32
4.6	Wrapping up a callback	33
5	Handling e-mail messages	35
5.1	Logging on to e-mail	35
5.2	Receiving an e-mail message	36
5.3	Responding to an e-mail message	37
5.3.1	Replying to an e-mail message	37
5.3.2	Forwarding an e-mail message to another user	38
5.3.3	Consulting externally on an e-mail message	38
5.3.4	Deferring an e-mail message	39
5.3.5	Resuming an e-mail message in Deferred or Consulted state	39
5.4	Wrapping up an e-mail message	40
6	Handling Web collaboration sessions	41
6.1	Logging on to Web collaboration	41
6.2	Receiving a Web collaboration contact	42
6.3	Responding to a Web collaboration contact	43
6.3.1	Typing a message into a Web collaboration session	43
6.3.2	Inserting a standard message into a Web collaboration reply	43
6.3.3	Inserting an emoticon into a Web collaboration message	44
6.3.4	Inserting a URL into a Web collaboration message	44
6.3.5	Inviting another user to join a Web collaboration session	45
6.3.6	Asking the contact for a telephone number	45
6.4	Disconnecting from a Web collaboration session	46
6.5	Wrapping up a Web collaboration session	46
7	Collaborating with other users	47
7.1	Working with the Speed List	47
7.1.1	Adding an entry to the Speed List	47
7.1.2	Adding an entry to the Speed List from another contact list	48
7.1.3	Searching for an entry in the Speed List	48
7.1.4	Calling a person in the Speed List	49
7.1.5	Sending an e-mail message to a person in the Speed List	49
7.1.6	Viewing the details of an entry in the Speed List	50
7.2	Working with the Team List	50
7.2.1	Searching for an entry in the Team List	50
7.2.2	Calling a person in the Team List	51
7.2.3	Viewing the details of an entry in the Team List	51
7.3	Working with directories	51
7.3.1	Searching a directory	52
7.3.2	Calling a person in a directory	54
7.3.3	Creating a callback for a person in a directory	54
7.3.4	Sending an e-mail message to a person in a directory	55
Index		57

1 About this guide

This *Client Desktop Getting Started Guide* provides an introduction to the Client Desktop application and an overview of its main features.

1.1 Who should use this guide

This guide is intended for contact center staff who are first-time users of the Client Desktop application, including front-line agents and associates.

1.2 Formatting conventions

The following formatting conventions are used in this guide:

Bold

This font identifies OpenScape Contact Center components, window and dialog box titles, and item names.

Italic

This font identifies references to related documentation.

Monospace Font

This font distinguishes text that you should type, or that the computer displays in a message.

NOTE: Notes emphasize information that is useful but not essential, such as tips or alternative methods for performing a task.

IMPORTANT: Important notes draw special attention to actions that could adversely affect the operation of the application or result in a loss of data.

About this guide

Documentation feedback

1.3 Documentation feedback

To report an issue with this document, call the Customer Support Center.

When you call, be sure to include the following information. This will help identify which document you are having issues with.

- **Title:** Client Desktop Getting Started Guide
- **Order Number:** A31003-S2281-G101-4-7631

2 Getting started

Welcome to the OpenScape Contact Center Client Desktop application, a versatile application designed to help you handle contacts from start to finish, easily and efficiently.

The Client Desktop application provides many tools to help you respond to contacts, track contact activity, monitor and consult with other users, and quickly find the information that you need.

2.1 Logging on to the Client Desktop application

This section describes how to log on to the Client Desktop application and the options that are available to you during the logon process.

NOTE: If your user name for the operating system is configured (in the Manager application) to also serve as your Client Desktop user name, you bypass the Logon dialog box and start with step 7 below, where you can select automatic logon options for the media that you will be working with.

NOTE: In a high availability (warm standby) environment, you must log on using the cluster name rather than the server name. For details, see your supervisor.

To log on to the Client Desktop application:

1. On the **Start** menu, point to **Programs**, then **OpenScape Contact Center Enterprise**, and then click **Client Desktop**. The Logon dialog box appears.
2. In the **User name** box, type your user name.
3. In the **Password** box, type your password.
4. If you need to change the server connection, click **Options**, and then in the **Administration Server** box, type the name of the required server machine.
5. If you are working in a multitenant environment, click **Options**, and then in the **Business unit** box, type the name of the business unit that you want to log on to.
6. Click **OK**.

Getting started

Working in the main window

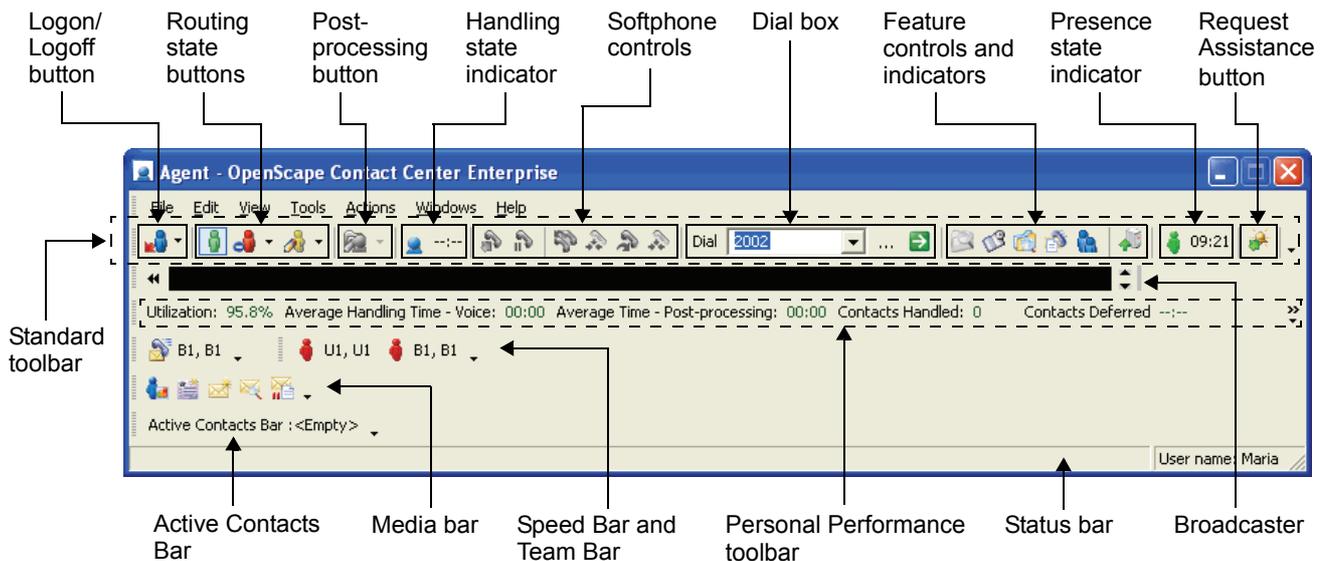
7. If the **Auto-Logon Options** dialog box appears, select the check box for each media type that you want to log on to. If the Auto-Logon Options dialog box does not appear, the application starts and you skip the remainder of this procedure.

NOTE: The Auto-Logon Options dialog box is not available to SAP CIC users working in CRM Agent mode.

8. If you selected **Voice** or **Callback**, in the **Extension** box, type your extension number or select an extension from the list. The same extension number is used for both media types.
9. Click **OK**. The main window appears.

2.2 Working in the main window

When the Client Desktop application starts, the main window appears. The main window remains on your screen, in either full or icon mode, for the entire time that you work with the application.



2.2.1 Using the standard toolbar

You can access many commands by using the buttons on the standard toolbar. If the standard toolbar does not appear in the main window, you can display it (on the **View** menu, point to **Toolbars**, and then click **Standard**).

The buttons on the standard toolbar are grouped according to their function.

	Log on to all media types that you are configured to use.
	Log off all the media types that you are logged on to.
	Place yourself in Available routing state.
	Place yourself in Unavailable routing state.
	Place yourself in Work routing state.
	Place yourself in Post-processing handling state.
	Indicates how long you have been in the current handling state.
	Answer a call.
	Place a call on hold.
	Transfer a call to another user.
	Consult on a call with another user.
	Reconnect to the caller.
	Conference on a call.
	Display the Contact Details window.
	Display the Activity Log.
	Display the Directory Search window.
	Display the Speed List.
	Display the Team List.
	Indicates that all media types that you are configured to use are available.
	Indicates that some of the media types are unavailable.
	Indicates that all media types are unavailable.
	Indicates how long you have been in the current presence state.
	Request assistance from supervisors or managers.

2.3 Working with user states

Before routing a contact to you, the system checks a number of factors, including your user state.

There are three different types of user states:

- **Routing state** – Indicates whether you are able to receive a new contact. The routing states are Available, Unavailable, and Work.
- **Handling state** – Indicates your activity while handling a contact. Examples are Dialing, Talking, and Post-processing.
- **Presence state** – Indicates your current presence state. Examples are Active, Busy, and Away.

For example, when you are Available and Talking, the Available button on the standard toolbar is selected, the State on the Personal Performance toolbar displays Talking, and your presence state is Active.

2.3.1 About routing states

There are three routing states: Available, Unavailable, and Work. Unavailable and Work routing states have reasons associated with them. The ToolTips for the Unavailable and Work buttons show the routing state, the current reason, and the total time in that state (for example, “Work: Training - 00:45”).

The following table shows the effect of each routing state on the ability to receive routed contacts.

Button	Description
	Available – You are logged on to one of the contact media and you are free to receive routed contacts.
	Unavailable – You are logged on to one of the contact media but you are not available to handle routed contacts. For example, you might be having lunch or taking a break.
	Work – You are logged on to one of the contact media but you are performing a work-related task not associated with a contact, and are not available to handle routed contacts. For example, you might be attending a meeting or a training session.

Table 1 Routing states

NOTE: No matter which routing state you are in, if your extension is free, another user can transfer a call to you or consult with you about a call.

Depending on your current routing state and the settings that are enabled for you, you can do the following:

- Change your routing state. For details, see [Section 2.3.4, “Changing your routing state”](#), on page 13.
- Change the Unavailable or Work reason. For details, see [Section 2.3.5, “Changing the Unavailable or Work reason”](#), on page 13.

2.3.2 About handling states

Handling states provide detailed information about how a contact is being handled. The following table describes the main handling states.

Handling state	Description
Consulting	You are consulting with another party about a call or callback.
Dialing	You are dialing from your extension.
Holding	You are handling a call or callback and have placed the call on hold.
Pending	You have been offered a routed contact, however: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For voice, the telephone is not ringing yet. • For callback, the offer has not been accepted yet and the maximum pending time has not been reached. • For e-mail, the message has not been accepted yet.
Post-processing	You are performing tasks related to a routed contact after it has been disconnected. For example, you are making notes or sending follow-up information.
Processing	You are doing one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Previewing a callback request. (You might have already accepted the callback offer, but the system has not yet dialed the customer's number.) • Handling a routed e-mail message, or resuming the handling of an e-mail message that is in Deferred or Consulted state.
Ringing	Your extension is ringing with a call.
Talking	You are talking or conferencing on a call or callback.

Table 2 Handling states and their meanings

Post-processing handling state has reasons associated with it. The ToolTip for the Post-processing button in the Contact Details window shows the state, the current reason, and the total time in Post-processing state (for example, “Post-processing: Faxing - 00:45”). The ToolTip for the Post-processing button in the main window does not show the time.

Depending on the settings that are enabled for you, the system might automatically change your handling state to Post-processing when you disconnect from a contact. For details, see [Section 2.3.8, “Automatic changes to Post-processing handling state”](#), on page 15.

Depending on your current handling state and the settings that are enabled for you, you can do the following:

- Manually enter Post-processing handling state. For details, see [Section 2.3.6, “Entering Post-processing handling state”](#), on page 14.
- Change the Post-processing reason. For details, see [Section 2.3.9, “Changing the Post-processing reason”](#), on page 16.
- Exit Post-processing handling state. For details, see [Section 2.3.7, “Exiting Post-processing handling state”](#), on page 14.

NOTE: The buttons on the telephone indicate your routing state. However, if you are handling calls using the telephone only (you are not licensed to use the Client Desktop application), and you are in Post-processing handling state, the Work button on the telephone will be activated regardless of your routing state. In this case, to exit Post-processing handling state, you must press one of the other buttons on the telephone, such as Available.

2.3.3 About presence states

Presence states are derived from OpenScape Contact Center information, such as your routing state and current contact handling activity. The following table describes the presence states.

Presence state	Description
Active	You are handling one or more contacts.
Away	You have no active contacts and your routing state is Unavailable.
Busy	You have no active contacts and your routing state is Work.
Idle	You have no active contacts and your routing state is Available.
Logged Off	You are not logged on to any of the media types.

Table 3

Presence states and their meanings

2.3.4 Changing your routing state

When you are logged on to at least one of the contact media, you can change your routing state. You might want to change your routing state when, for example:

- You just logged on to one of the contact media and you want to start receiving contacts. In this case, change your routing state to Available.
- You are logged on to one of the contact media but do not want to receive contacts. In this case, change your routing state to Unavailable.
- You are logged on to one of the contact media but you have to attend a short meeting. In this case, change your routing state to Work.

To change your routing state:

1. In the main window, on the **Actions** menu, click the required routing state: **Available**, **Unavailable** or **Work**.

As a shortcut, you can click the **Available** button , **Unavailable** button , or **Work** button  on the standard toolbar.

If you have multiple active contacts, you can also change your routing state from the Actions menu in the Active Contacts List.

2. If you selected **Unavailable** or **Work**, and user-defined Unavailable or Work reasons have been configured in the Manager application, the **Unavailable Reason** dialog box or the **Work Reason** dialog box appears. In the **Name** list, select a reason, and then click **Select**.

As a shortcut, you can click the down-arrow that appears beside the button, and select one of the most recently used reasons from the list.

2.3.5 Changing the Unavailable or Work reason

When you are in Unavailable or Work routing state, you can change your reason for being in that state, provided that user-defined reasons have been configured in the Manager application.

To change the Unavailable or Work reason:

1. In the main window, click the **Unavailable** button  or the **Work** button .
2. In the **Unavailable Reason** dialog box or the **Work Reason** dialog box, select a reason from the **Name** list, and then click **Select**.

As a shortcut, you can click the down-arrow that appears beside the button, and select one of the most recently used reasons from the list.

2.3.6 Entering Post-processing handling state

If the **Automatic Post-processing** setting is enabled for you in the Manager application, you will enter Post-processing handling state automatically when you disconnect from a contact. If the **Automatic Post-processing** setting is not enabled for you, and you have the **Manually enter Post-processing state and change reason** permission, you can choose to enter Post-processing handling state after you disconnect from a contact. When you choose to enter Post-processing handling state in this way, the Post-processing button will flash and the ToolTip will indicate that the state change is pending, for example, "Pending Post-processing (Faxing)", until you disconnect from the contact.

If you place yourself in Post-processing handling state, rather than the system placing you in that state, you will remain in Post-processing handling state until you choose to exit Post-processing handling state.

To enter Post-processing handling state:

1. Do one of the following:
 - In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Enter Post-processing**.
 - If the Contact Details window is not open, in the main window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Enter Post-processing**.

As a shortcut, you can click the **Post-processing** button  on the toolbar.

2. If user-defined Post-processing reasons have been configured in the Manager application, the **Post-processing Reason** dialog box appears. In the **Name** list, select a reason, and then click **Select**.

As a shortcut, you can click the down-arrow that appears beside the button, and select one of the most recently used reasons from the list.

2.3.7 Exiting Post-processing handling state

You can exit Post-processing handling state whenever you choose.

NOTE: The buttons on the telephone indicate your routing state. However, if you are not configured to use the Client Desktop application, and you are in Post-processing handling state, the Work button on the telephone will be activated regardless of your routing state. In this case, to exit Post-processing handling state, you can press one of the other buttons, such as Available.

To exit Post-processing handling state:

1. Do one of the following:
 - In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Exit Post-processing**.
 - If the Contact Details window is not open, in the main window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Exit Post-processing**.

As a shortcut, you can click the **Post-processing** button  on the toolbar.

2.3.8 Automatic changes to Post-processing handling state

If the **Automatic Post-processing** setting has been enabled for you in the Manager application, the system places you in Post-processing handling state after you disconnect from a contact. When the system places you in Post-processing handling state, rather than you placing yourself in that state, you do not have to specify a Post-processing reason.

In combination with the **Automatic Post-processing** setting, the following settings might also be configured:

- **Maximum time** – You will remain in Post-processing handling state for the duration of time specified.
- **Wrap-up reason required** – The system opens the Wrap-up tab in the Contact Details window and you must save at least one Wrap-up reason to explain how you completed the contact. If you save a Wrap-up reason before the specified Maximum time has passed, you will remain in Post-processing handling state until the Maximum time expires. If you do not save a Wrap-up reason before the specified Maximum time has passed:
 - For calls, e-mail messages, and Web collaboration contacts, you will remain in Post-processing handling state until you save a Wrap-up reason.
 - For callbacks, the system considers the Maximum time to enter result option. When this period of time expires, the system enters a Retry reason, and then closes the Contact Details window and requeues the callback.

2.3.9 Changing the Post-processing reason

If the **Manually enter Post-processing state and change reason** permission is enabled for you in the Manager application, and user-defined Post-processing reasons have been configured, you can select a different reason for being in Post-processing handling state.

To change the Post-processing reason:

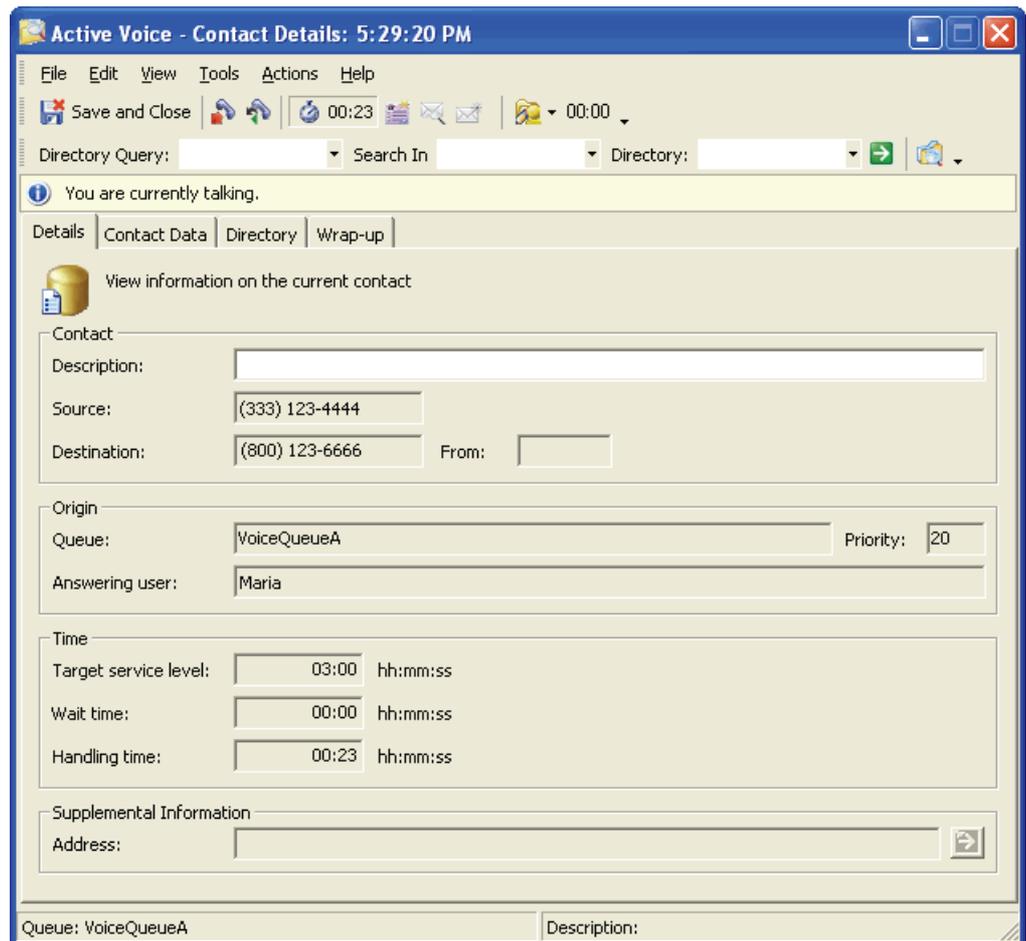
1. In the **Contact Details** window, or in the main window if the Contact Details window is not open, click the down-arrow beside the **Post-processing** button . A drop-down list appears.

NOTE: Do not click the button. If you click the button rather than the arrow beside the button, you will exit Post-processing handling state.

2. If the list contains at least one recently used Post-processing reason, you can select a reason from the list. Otherwise, click **Other** to open the **Post-processing Reason** dialog box, select a reason from the **Name** list, and then click **Select**.

2.4 Working in the Contact Details window

The Contact Details window is the standard Client Desktop interface for handling all types of routed contacts. The title bar of the Contact Details window shows the time that the contact arrived. The Information Banner shows the status of the contact.



Four tabs appear in the Contact Details window for all active contacts.

- **Details tab** – displays information about the customer and the queue.
- **Contact Data tab** – displays information about the contact (for example, account number).
- **Directory tab** – displays any available contact information about the customer.
- **Wrap-up tab** – offers options for completing the contact.

Getting started

Working in the Contact Details window

Other tabs that might appear, depending on the contact type, are as follows:

- **Schedule tab** – for callbacks, used to review and plan callback schedule items.
- **Message tab** – for e-mail messages, used to view the customer's message and to reply to it.
- **History tab** – for e-mail messages, used to view the history of e-mail messages sent to or from the customer.
- **Session tab** – for Web collaboration contacts, used to view the customer's message or to reply to it. S

2.4.1 Viewing information on the Details tab

The Details tab in the Contact Details window contains information about the contact (for example, source, destination, routing queue, answering user).

Regardless of the type of contact you are handling, you can use the Details tab to do the following:

- View information about the contact.
- Change the description of the contact.
- Access supplemental information to help you handle the contact.

2.4.2 Updating information on the Contact Data tab

The Contact Data tab in the Contact Details window is used to record information about the contact that is relevant, such as the customer's account number, preferences, payment details, and so on. You can update information on the Contact Data tab only while you are connected to the contact.

OpenScape Contact Center might insert information on the Contact Data tab before the contact reaches you, for example, by collecting information in response to menu prompts or by retrieving information from a database. This depends on the workflow that is designed in the Manager application.

To update information on the Contact Data tab:

1. On the **Contact Data** tab, under **Key**, on the last line, type the kind of information you want to add (for example, **Shipping Preference**). Each key must be unique.
2. Under **Value**, type the information (for example, By Rail).
3. On the **File** menu, click **Save**.

2.4.3 Viewing information on the Directory tab

When a new contact is routed to you, the system automatically searches the Contact Lookup Directory for any entries that match the customer's information on the Details tab. The results of the search are displayed on the Directory tab. This information is read-only.

2.4.4 Completing a contact on the Wrap-up tab

Use the Wrap-up tab in the Contact Details window to explain how you completed a contact.

- To complete a call, see [Section 3.5, "Wrapping up a call"](#), on page 28.
- To complete a callback, see [Section 4.6, "Wrapping up a callback"](#), on page 33.
- To complete an e-mail message, see [Section 5.4, "Wrapping up an e-mail message"](#), on page 40.
- To complete a Web collaboration session, see [Section 6.5, "Wrapping up a Web collaboration session"](#), on page 46.

2.5 Working with multiple contacts

When the system is configured for multiple contact handling, the contact handling rules that have been configured for you in the Manager application determine whether you can handle more than one routed contact at the same time. If you have been configured to handle multiple routed contacts, the system's routing logic takes your contact handling rules into account to determine your availability. To find out how many contacts of each type you have been configured to handle at one time, contact your manager or supervisor.

When you have more than one active contact, you can use the Active Contacts List or the Active Contacts Bar to manage your active contacts.

2.5.1 Using the Active Contacts List

When you have been configured to handle multiple routed contacts, all your active contacts are displayed in the Active Contacts List. The Active Contacts List can be displayed in the following modes:

- List mode – The active contacts are listed in a table.
- Card mode – A card is displayed for each active contact. The cards are color-coded.

Getting started

Displaying or hiding the Contacts Waiting Indicator

When you click an active contact in the list, its Contact Details window is displayed. You can navigate between active contacts in this way, and also by using the keyboard shortcuts.

When you receive a new contact, the system inserts the new contact into the Active Contacts List based on your sorting preferences. New active contacts are highlighted in the list until the first time you view a contact's Contact Details window.

For reporting purposes, the system keeps track of the active contact that is primary. The primary contact is normally the active contact that is in focus in the Client Desktop application. The one exception to this rule is when the **Always make the active call or callback the primary contact** option is configured in the Manager application. In this case, when you have an active call or callback, it remains the primary contact even if you choose to work on another active contact.

When you complete the primary contact, the system selects the first active contact in the list, which is based on your sorting preferences. If the **Always make the active call or callback the primary contact** option is configured and you subsequently receive a call or callback, it automatically becomes the primary contact.

To view the Active Contacts List:

- On the **View** menu, click **Active Contacts List**.

2.6 Displaying or hiding the Contacts Waiting Indicator

The Contacts Waiting Indicator  displays the number of contacts that are waiting in queue to be handled. The number includes both contacts that you are eligible to handle and contacts that are reserved for you.

By default, the Contacts Waiting Indicator is displayed in the notification area on the right side of the Windows taskbar. You can also add the Contacts Waiting Indicator to a toolbar.

NOTE: When the system is connected to a HiPath 4000 or HiPath 3000 communication platform, if you are not logged on to the Client Desktop application and your telephone has been configured to display the Contacts Waiting Indicator, the Contacts Waiting lamp indicator on the telephone will notify you when there are contacts waiting in the queue. The Contacts Waiting lamp indicator on the telephone is turned off when you are logged on to the Client Desktop application.

The Contacts Waiting Indicator provides information in two ways:

- When you rest the mouse pointer on the Contacts Waiting Indicator, the ToolTip displays the number of contacts waiting, by contact type.
- The Contacts Waiting Indicator changes its state as the number of contacts increases. The indicator has four states: off, on, slow flash, and fast flash. These states correspond to thresholds that can be set in the Manager application. As the number of contacts waiting increases and passes each threshold, the indicator moves through the different states.
 - **Off** – minimum threshold has not been passed.
 - **On** – minimum threshold has been passed.
 - **Slow flash** – middle threshold has been passed.
 - **Fast flash** – highest threshold has been passed.

If you are handling contacts in two or more media, the state of the Contacts Waiting Indicator is based on the highest threshold that has been passed. For example, if the number of calls waiting indicates a slow flash condition and the number of e-mail messages waiting indicates a fast flash condition, the Contacts Waiting Indicator shows a fast flash.

To display or hide the Contacts Waiting Indicator:

1. On the **Tools** menu, click **Options**.
2. In the **Options** dialog box, in the left pane, click **Personal**.
3. Under **Show**, select or clear the **Contacts Waiting Indicator in notification area** check box.
4. Click **OK**.

2.7 Requesting assistance

If you need help while you are handling a contact, you can request assistance from your supervisors or managers.

NOTE: To initiate a request for assistance, the **Request assistance** permission must be enabled for you in the Manager application.

2.7.1 Initiating a request for assistance

When you initiate a request for assistance, it sets a flag in a user real-time report that can be viewed by all the supervisors and managers who have permission to monitor you.

When you log off all media that you are logged on to, the request is cancelled. You can also cancel a request manually. For details, see [Canceling a request for assistance](#).

NOTE: To initiate a request for assistance, the **Request assistance** permission must be enabled for you in the Manager application.

To initiate a request for assistance:

1. Do one of the following:
 - In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Request Assistance**.
 - If the Contact Details window is not open, in the main window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Request Assistance**.

As a shortcut, you can click the **Request Assistance** button  on the toolbar.

2.7.2 Canceling a request for assistance

You can cancel a request for assistance when you no longer need help.

To cancel a request for assistance:

1. Do one of the following:
 - In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Cancel Assistance**.
 - If the Contact Details window is not open, in the main window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Cancel Assistance**.

As a shortcut, you can click the **Cancel Assistance** button  on the toolbar.

3 Handling calls

The voice feature in the Client Desktop application is a licensed feature that helps you handle and track routed calls. This chapter provides an overview of how calls are handled in the Client Desktop application.

3.1 Logging on to voice

To handle calls, you must log on to voice and to an extension, and then change your routing state to Available.

NOTE: If you are already logged on to callback, the system does not prompt you for another extension number when you log on to voice. The same extension number is used for both the voice and callback media.

To log on to voice:

1. In the main window, on the **Actions** menu, point to **Logon/Logoff**, then **Voice**, and then do one of the following:
 - To log on to a recently used extension, click one of the numbers in the list. The system displays the last five numbers that you used.
 - To log on to a new extension, click **New**, and then in the **Logon** dialog box, type the extension number and click .

If this is the first of the contact media that you are logging on to, a red arrow appears on the left side of the Logon button . This shows that you are connected to at least one of the contact media.

2. On the toolbar, either the Available button or the Unavailable button is selected. To receive contacts, you must be in Available routing state. To change your routing state, see [Section 2.3.4, “Changing your routing state”](#), on page 13.

3.2 Answering a call

Use this procedure to answer a call that is routed or transferred to your extension, or queued to you.

To answer a call:

- In the **Contact Details window**, on the **Actions** menu, click **Answer**. As a shortcut, you can click the **Answer** button  on the toolbar.

3.3 Responding to a call

This section describes some of the ways in which you can handle calls.

3.3.1 Placing a call on hold and retrieving it

You can place a call on hold if you need to investigate an issue before continuing the conversation with the caller.

To place a call on hold:

- In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Hold**. As a shortcut, you can click the **Hold** button  on the toolbar.

To retrieve a call that is on hold:

- In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Retrieve**. As a shortcut, you can click the **Retrieve** button  on the toolbar.

3.3.2 Consulting with another user on a call

If you intend to consult with another user about a call, the consulting feature in the Client Desktop application is a more flexible option than placing the call on hold yourself and then dialing the number of the other user.

When you place a call on hold yourself, the call remains on hold until you either retrieve the call or disconnect from the call. On the other hand, if you initiate a consultation with another user while you are on a call, the system automatically places the call on hold, and then you have the following options:

- Transfer the call to the user you are consulting with. For details, see [Section 3.3.3, “Transferring a call”, on page 25](#)
- Bring the caller into a conference call with yourself and the other user. For details, see [Section 3.3.4, “Conferencing on a call”, on page 27](#).

To consult with another user on a call:

1. While you are connected to a call, in the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, point to **Consult**, and then do one of the following:
 - Point to the list of telephone numbers that you want to use (**Recently Used**, **Team Bar**, or **Speed Bar**) and then click a telephone number.
 - Click **New Number**. In the **Consult With** dialog box, do one of the following:
 - In the **Telephone number** box, type a telephone number or select a telephone number from the list.
 - To use the **Dial Entry** dialog box, click . In the Dial Entry dialog box, make your changes, and then click **OK**.
 - To select a name from a list, click **More**. The **Agents** tab and the **Team List** tab show all the users in the contact center and on your team, respectively, who are logged on to voice or callback. Double-click the name of the user with whom you want to consult. The user's extension is inserted into the Telephone number box.
2. Click . The system dials the number and automatically places the call on hold.

To reconnect to the customer:

- On the **Actions** menu, click **Reconnect**.

3.3.3 Transferring a call

You can transfer a call to another user. This is often a team member, and often someone whom you already consulted about the contact. Use the Actions menu in either the Contact Details window or the Directory Search window to transfer a call.

You can transfer a call to another user in two ways:

- Supervised transfer
- Unsupervised transfer

3.3.3.1 Making a supervised transfer

While you are consulting with another user, you can transfer a call to that user. This type of transfer is referred to as a supervised transfer, because it gives you the opportunity to tell the other user about the call before you transfer the call.

To transfer a call to a user while you are consulting with that user:

- In either the **Contact Details** window or the **Directory Search** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Transfer**. The system transfers the call to the other user and automatically disconnects you from the call.

3.3.3.2 Making an unsupervised transfer

You can transfer a call to another user even when you are not consulting with the other user. This type of transfer is referred to as an unsupervised transfer, because it does not give you the opportunity to tell the other user about the call before you transfer the call.

To transfer a call when you are not consulting with the other user:

1. In either the **Contact Details** window or the **Directory Search** window, on the **Actions** menu, point to **Transfer**, and then do one of the following:
 - Click the telephone number to use.
 - Point to one of the lists (**Recently Used**, **Team Bar**, or **Speed Bar**) and then click a telephone number.

NOTE: When you click a telephone number or extension on the Team Bar, the Client Desktop application dials the number immediately.

- Click **New Number**. In the **Transfer To** dialog box, do one of the following:
 - In the **Telephone number** box, type a telephone number or select a telephone number from the list.
 - To use the **Dial Entry** dialog box, click . In the Dial Entry dialog box, make your changes, and then click **OK**.
 - To select a name from a list, click **More**. The **Agents** tab and the **Team List** tab show all the users in the contact center and on your team, respectively, who are logged on to voice or callback. Double-click the name of the user to whom you want to transfer the call. The user's extension is inserted into the Telephone number box.

- If the system is connected to an OpenScape Voice communication platform, and you want to transfer the call to the user's voice mail, select the **Voice Mail** check box.
2. Click . The system transfers the call to the other user, and disconnects you from the call.

3.3.4 Conferencing on a call

If you are consulting with another user about a call, you can bring the customer into the conversation (that is, create a conference call).

To conference on a call:

- In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Conference**. You are now conferencing with the customer and the other user.

At the end of the conference call, the usual procedure is:

1. The other user disconnects and the customer hangs up (in either order).
2. You disconnect from the call (on the **Actions** menu, click **Disconnect**).

3.4 Disconnecting from a call

When you finish handling a call, you can disconnect from the call. If you are the only user participating in the call, the call ends when you disconnect. If you are in a conference call with the customer and another user, the call continues when you disconnect.

To disconnect from a call:

- In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Disconnect**. As a shortcut, you can click the **Disconnect** button  on the toolbar.

If the **Wrap-up reason required** setting is enabled for you, the system automatically opens the Wrap-up tab and changes your routing state to Work.

3.5 Wrapping up a call

Use the Wrap-up tab in the Contact Details window to enter Wrap-up reasons, to show how you completed a call.

You can enter Wrap-up reasons:

- While you are handling the call.
- After you disconnect from the call, provided that the Contact Details window remains open.
- After you close the Contact Details window, provided that you did not disconnect from the call.

If the **Wrap-up reason required** setting is enabled for you in the Manager application, you must select at least one Wrap-up reason.

IMPORTANT: You do not have to wait until you finish handling the contact to enter Wrap-up reasons. You can select one or more Wrap-up reasons at any time. However, do not save the Wrap-up reasons until you have completed the contact, because you can perform only one Save action for Wrap-up reasons. After the Save action, you cannot enter any more Wrap-up reasons.

To wrap up a call:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, click the **Wrap-up** tab.
2. Select the check box for each Wrap-up reason that applies to the contact. Only Wrap-up reasons that are associated with the contact's queue are displayed.
3. On the **File** menu, click **Save**.

4 Handling callbacks

The callback feature in the Client Desktop application is a licensed feature that helps you handle and track callbacks. This chapter provides an overview of how callbacks are handled in the Client Desktop application.

A callback is a request to call a customer, and is usually based on the customer's previous interaction with the contact center. When a callback is accepted, either by you or by the system on your behalf, the system calls the customer. The call is then routed to you.

When you handle a callback, you can take all the same types of actions (for example, placing a call on hold, consulting, transferring, conferencing) that you would take on a call. In addition, there are a few actions that are specific to callbacks. For example, you can accept or delete a callback, and retry a callback after you disconnect.

4.1 Logging on to callback

To handle callbacks, you must log on to callback and to an extension, and then change your routing state to Available.

NOTE: If you are already logged on to voice, the system does not prompt you for another extension number when you log on to callback. The same extension number is used for both the voice and callback media.

To log on to callback:

1. In the main window, on the **Actions** menu, point to **Log on/off**, then **Callback**, and then do one of the following:
 - To log on to a recently used extension, click one of the numbers in the list. The system displays the last five numbers that you used.
 - To log on to a new extension, click **New**, and then in the **Logon** dialog box, type the extension number and click .

If this is the first of the contact media that you are logging on to, a red arrow appears on the left side of the Logon button . This shows that you are connected to at least one of the contact media.

2. On the toolbar, either the Available button or the Unavailable button is selected. To receive contacts, you must be in Available routing state. To change your routing state, see [Section 2.3.4, "Changing your routing state"](#), on page 13.

Handling callbacks

Accepting or deleting a callback request

4.2 Accepting or deleting a callback request

When a callback request is queued to you, the Contact Details window appears on the screen. The title bar of the window indicates that this is an active contact and displays the time that you received the contact.

To accept a callback request:

- In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Accept Callback**. The system automatically dials the callback number for you.

To delete a callback request:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Delete Callback**. The Delete Callback dialog box opens.
2. In the **Delete Callback** dialog box, select a reason from the **Delete Reason** list to explain why you deleted the callback.
3. Click **OK**.
4. On the **File** menu, click **Save and Close**.

4.3 Responding to a callback

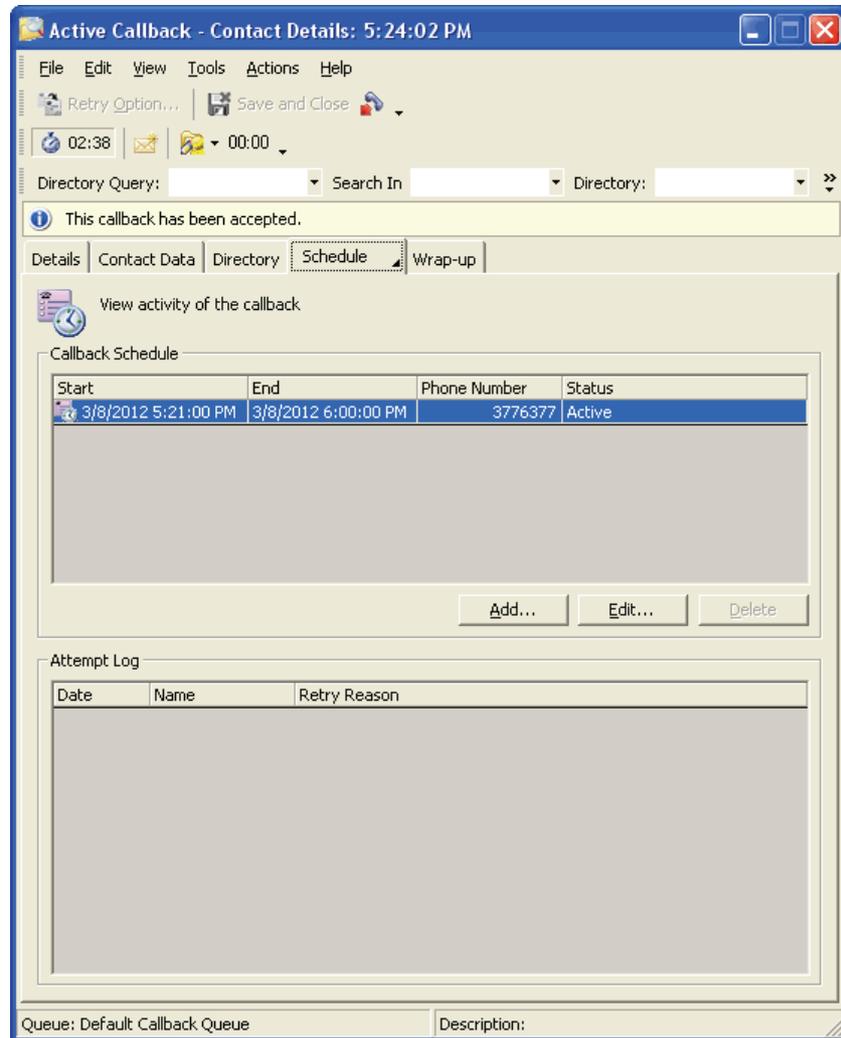
You respond to a callback in the same way that you respond to a call. For details, see the following topics:

- [Section 3.3.1, “Placing a call on hold and retrieving it”, on page 24](#)
- [Section 3.3.2, “Consulting with another user on a call”, on page 24](#)
- [Section 3.3.3, “Transferring a call”, on page 25](#)
- [Section 3.3.4, “Conferencing on a call”, on page 27](#)

4.4 Working with callback schedule entries

When you handle a callback, or when you create a new callback request, you might need to add new schedule entries or make changes to existing schedule entries. For example, when you are handling a callback, the customer might ask you to call again at another time.

Use the Schedule tab in the Contact Details window to work with callback schedule entries.



The Schedule tab has two main areas:

- **Callback Schedule** – The Callback Schedule contains entries showing when the customer should be called. The entries in the Callback Schedule are future, planned callbacks. Each entry includes a date and time, and the customer’s telephone number.
- **Attempt Log** – The Attempt Log contains entries showing when the customer was called. These entries are completed callback attempts. Each entry shows the name of the user who made the attempt, and the result.

4.5 Disconnecting from a callback

When you finish handling a callback, you can disconnect from the callback. If you are the only user participating in the callback, the callback ends when you disconnect. If you are in a conference call with the callback and another user, the callback continues when you disconnect.

After you disconnect from the callback, the Retry Options dialog box appears, and you have a limited amount of time to select a Retry option. A maximum number of retries can be set for callbacks in the Manager application. The type of Retry option that you select depends on whether the maximum number of retries has been reached for the callback.

To disconnect from a callback:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Disconnect**. The **Retry Options** dialog box appears.
2. If the maximum number of retries has been reached, do one of the following:
 - To mark the retry as successful, click **Mark as successful**. If the **Wrap-up reason required** setting is enabled for you in the Manager application, the Wrap-up tab opens and you can select a Wrap-up reason for the callback.
 - To indicate that the maximum number of retries has been reached, click **Mark as maximum retry reached**. When this option is selected, it is not necessary to enter a Wrap-up reason.
3. If the maximum number of retries has not been reached, do one of the following:
 - To mark the retry as successful, click **No, the callback was successful**. If the **Wrap-up reason required** setting is enabled for you in the Manager application, the Wrap-up tab opens and you can select a Wrap-up reason for the callback.
 - To retry the callback later, click **Retry later**, and then do the following:
 - In the **Reason** box, select a reason from the list.
 - In the **Retry in** box, type or use the arrows to enter the amount of time to wait before retrying the callback, for example, 00:05 (5 minutes) or 02:30 (2 hours and 30 minutes).When you select **Retry later**, the system does not save any Wrap-up reasons that you entered.
 - To retry the callback now, click **Retry now**. If you want to enter or change the telephone number, in the **Retry number** box, type a new number.
4. Click **OK**.

4.6 Wrapping up a callback

Use the Wrap-up tab in the Contact Details window to enter Wrap-up reasons, to show how you completed a callback.

If the **Wrap-up reason required** setting is enabled for you in the Manager application, you must select at least one Wrap-up reason.

IMPORTANT: You do not have to wait until you finish handling the contact to enter Wrap-up reasons. You can select one or more Wrap-up reasons at any time. However, do not save the Wrap-up reasons until you have completed the contact, because you can perform only one Save action for Wrap-up reasons. After the Save action, you cannot enter any more Wrap-up reasons.

To wrap up a callback:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, click the **Wrap-up** tab.
2. Select the check box for each Wrap-up reason that applies to the contact. Only Wrap-up reasons that are associated with the contact's queue are displayed.
3. On the **File** menu, click **Save**.

Handling callbacks
Wrapping up a callback

5 Handling e-mail messages

The e-mail feature in the Client Desktop application is a licensed feature that helps you handle and track e-mail messages. This chapter provides an overview of how e-mail messages are handled in the Client Desktop application.

NOTE: When handling e-mail messages in the Client Desktop application, the **From**, **To**, and **Cc** address boxes can contain a maximum of 80 entries.

5.1 Logging on to e-mail

To handle e-mail messages, you must log on to e-mail, and then change your routing state to Available.

To log on to e-mail:

1. In the main window, on the **Actions** menu, point to **Logon/Logoff**, and then click **E-mail**.

If this is the first of the contact media that you are logging on to, a red arrow appears on the left side of the Logon button . This shows that you are connected to at least one of the contact media.

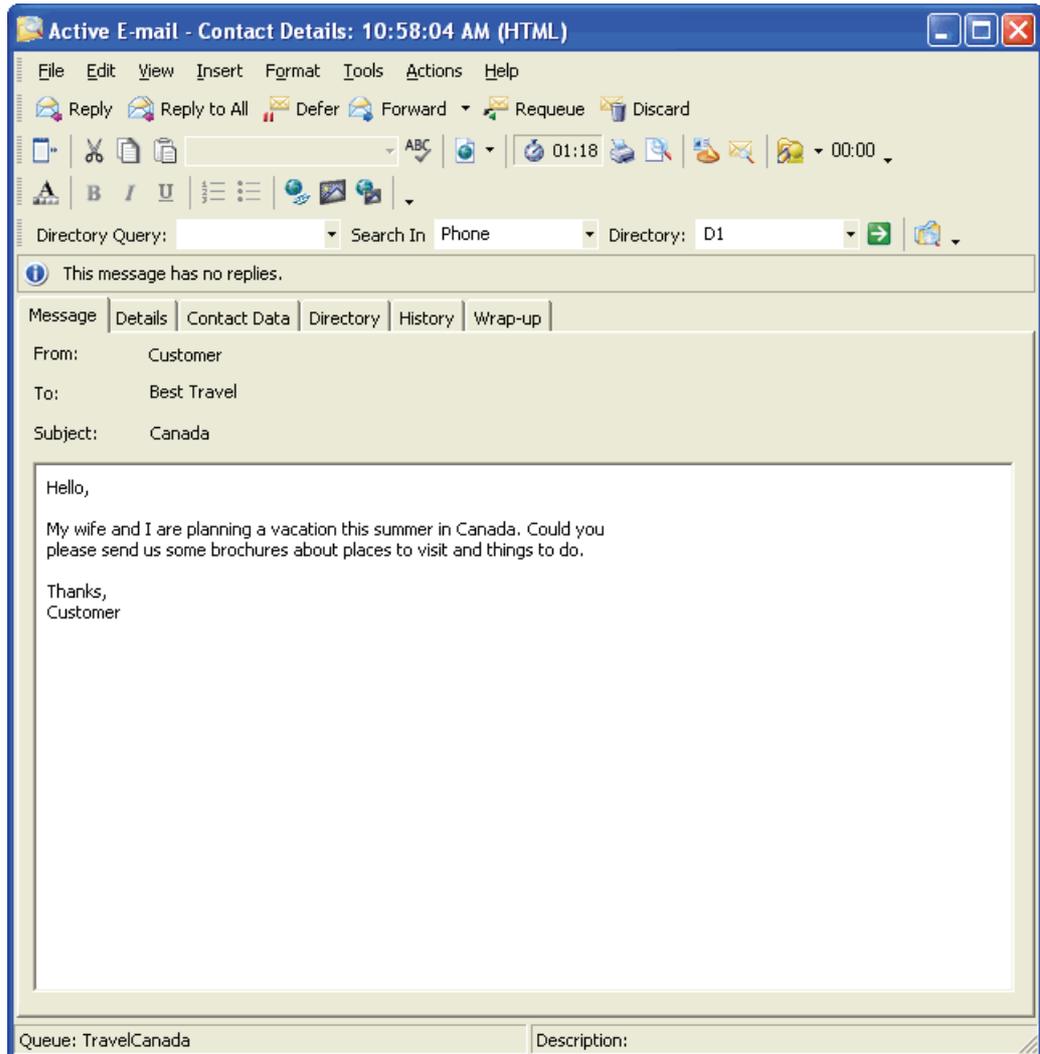
2. On the toolbar, either the Available button or the Unavailable button is selected. To receive contacts, you must be in Available routing state. To change your routing state, see [Section 2.3.4, “Changing your routing state”](#), on page 13.

Handling e-mail messages

Receiving an e-mail message

5.2 Receiving an e-mail message

When an e-mail message is assigned to you, the Contact Details window appears on the screen. The title bar of the window indicates that this is an active contact and displays the time that you received the contact.



The Contact Details window is used very much like an ordinary e-mail program. For example, you can reply to or forward a message.

5.3 Responding to an e-mail message

This section describes some of the ways in which you can handle e-mail messages.

5.3.1 Replying to an e-mail message

When you reply to an e-mail message, you can do one or more of the following:

- Type a reply.
- Use an auto-suggestion, if one has been inserted.
- Use a prepared template.

To reply to an e-mail message:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Reply**. (If the message contains an auto-suggestion, it is already in Reply mode.)
2. To change the format of your reply, on the **Format** menu, select the format that you want to use: **Plain Text** or **HTML**.
3. To see the **Cc**, **Bcc**, **Subject**, or **Attachment** boxes, on the **View** menu, click the appropriate item.
4. To specify who to reply to, do one of the following:
 - In the **To**, **Cc**, or **Bcc** box, type an e-mail address.
 - To select an e-mail address from a directory, click **To**, **Cc**, or **Bcc**, and use the **Select Recipients** dialog box.

NOTE: To enter multiple e-mail addresses in the **To**, **Cc**, and **Bcc** boxes, separate each e-mail address with a semicolon (;).

5. To compose a reply to the customer, do one or more of the following:
 - Type a reply above the original message.
 - Use an auto-suggestion, if one has been inserted.
 - Insert a prepared template and edit it as necessary.
6. On the **Actions** menu, click **Send**.
7. If you are in training mode, the **Select Queue** dialog box appears. When you are in training mode (as specified in the Manager application), you must send your reply to a destination where someone can approve it. In the **Select Queue** dialog box, select the queue that you want to send the message to, and then click **OK**.

5.3.2 Forwarding an e-mail message to another user

You can forward an e-mail message to another user in the contact center. An e-mail message can be forwarded to only one user, and there are no Cc or Bcc addresses on an internally forwarded message.

Any attachments that are included in the original e-mail message are automatically added to the forwarded message.

To forward an e-mail message to another user:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Forward**.
2. To specify the user to whom you want to forward the e-mail message, do one of the following:
 - In the **To** box, type the name or e-mail address of the user.
 - To select a name from a list of recently used recipients, click the down arrow on the right side of the **To** box, and then click a name in the list.
 - To select a name from the **Select Agent** dialog box, click **To**. The **Agents** tab and the **Team List** tab show all the users in the contact center and on your team, respectively, who are logged on to e-mail. Click a user name, and then click **OK**.
3. On the **Actions** menu, click **Send**.

5.3.3 Consulting externally on an e-mail message

You can consult with someone who is outside the contact center. Any attachments that are included in the original e-mail message are automatically added to the consulting message.

When you consult externally on an e-mail message, the e-mail message is assigned a status of Consulted and is added to the Ongoing Activity Log. When you are ready, you can resume handling the e-mail message.

NOTE: The reply to an externally consulted e-mail message is always reserved for the user who requested the consultation. A contact that is reserved for a user will be routed to that user ahead of all other contacts regardless of their priority in the queue.

To consult externally on an e-mail message:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Consult Externally**.
2. To see the **Cc**, **Bcc**, **Subject**, or **Attachment** boxes, on the **View** menu, click the appropriate item.
3. To specify who to consult with, do one of the following:
 - In the **To**, **Cc**, or **Bcc** box, type an e-mail address.
 - To select an e-mail address from a directory, click **To**, **Cc**, or **Bcc**, and use the **Select Recipients** dialog box.

NOTE: To enter multiple e-mail addresses in the **To**, **Cc**, and **Bcc** boxes, separate each e-mail address with a semicolon (;).

4. On the **Actions** menu, click **Send**.

5.3.4 Deferring an e-mail message

If you prefer to handle an e-mail message at a later time, you can defer the message. When you defer an e-mail message, the message is assigned a status of Deferred and is added to the Ongoing Activity Log. When you are ready, you can resume handling the e-mail message.

If you do not resume handling an e-mail message within a certain period of time, the message is requeued to you. This time is specified in the Manager application by the following option: Maximum defer time. For example, if the maximum defer time is 8 hours, you can defer an e-mail message once for 8 hours, or you can defer it for 4 hours, then for 3 hours, and then again for 1 hour.

To defer an e-mail message:

- In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Defer**.

5.3.5 Resuming an e-mail message in Deferred or Consulted state

All your outstanding e-mail messages are saved in the Ongoing Activity Log. Outstanding messages are messages that you have either deferred or consulted with an external person about. You can resume handling an e-mail message at any time, directly from the Ongoing Activity Log.

To resume handling an e-mail message, you must be logged on to e-mail. Also, there cannot be another active e-mail message open on your screen.

To resume handling an e-mail message:

1. In the **Ongoing Activity Log**, click the message that you want to resume.
2. On the **Actions** menu, click **Resume**.

5.4 Wrapping up an e-mail message

Use the Wrap-up tab in the Contact Details window to enter Wrap-up reasons, to show how you completed an e-mail message.

If the **Wrap-up reason required** setting is enabled for you in the Manager application, you must select at least one Wrap-up reason.

IMPORTANT: You do not have to wait until you finish handling the contact to enter Wrap-up reasons. You can select one or more Wrap-up reasons at any time. However, do not save the Wrap-up reasons until you have completed the contact, because you can perform only one Save action for Wrap-up reasons. After the Save action, you cannot enter any more Wrap-up reasons.

If you decide to defer an e-mail message or to consult on the e-mail message, the system does not save any Wrap-up reasons that were entered.

To wrap up an e-mail message:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, click the **Wrap-up** tab.
2. Select the check box for each Wrap-up reason that applies to the contact. Only Wrap-up reasons that are associated with the contact's queue are displayed.
3. On the **File** menu, click **Save**.

6 Handling Web collaboration sessions

The Web collaboration feature in the Client Desktop application is a licensed feature that helps you handle and track Web collaboration sessions. This chapter provides an overview of how Web collaboration contacts are handled in the Client Desktop application.

A Web collaboration session is an online, real-time conversation between a customer and one or more contact center users. A Web collaboration session is initiated by a customer, who typically enters a question or a request in an online form. Each company or contact center defines its own form and specifies the type of information to be entered.

6.1 Logging on to Web collaboration

To handle Web collaboration sessions, you must log on to Web collaboration, and then change your routing state to Available.

To log on to Web collaboration:

1. In the main window, on the **Actions** menu, point to **Logon/Logoff**, and then click **Web Collaboration**.

If this is the first of the contact media that you are logging on to, a red arrow appears on the left side of the Logon button . This shows that you are connected to at least one of the contact media.

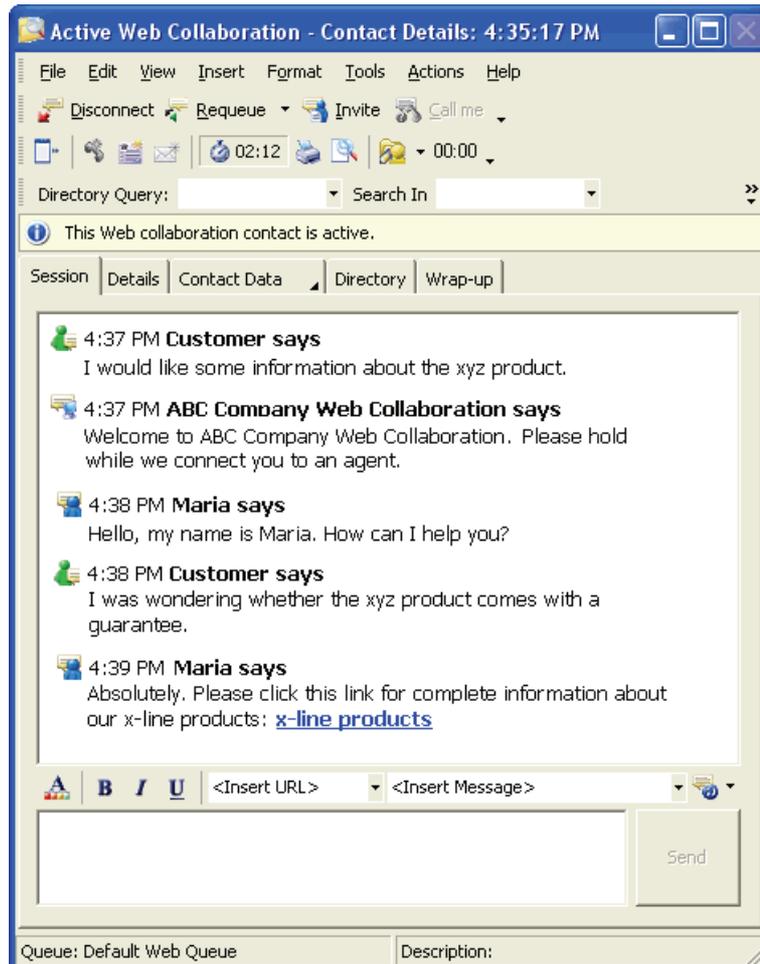
2. On the toolbar, either the Available button or the Unavailable button is selected. To receive contacts, you must be in Available routing state. To change your routing state, see [Section 2.3.4, “Changing your routing state”](#), on page 13.

Handling Web collaboration sessions

Receiving a Web collaboration contact

6.2 Receiving a Web collaboration contact

When a Web collaboration session is assigned to you, the Contact Details window appears on the screen, displaying the original question sent by the customer and any replies that were sent by the system. The title bar of the window indicates that this is an active contact and displays the time that you received the contact.



The Session tab has two main areas:

- **Transcript of the session** – The transcript shows all the messages sent to and received from the Web collaboration contact during the session. The transcript is in read-only mode, but you can copy portions and paste them elsewhere, or save or print them.
- **Work area** – Use this area to reply to a Web collaboration contact. For example, you can insert and then edit a standard message, type your own reply, and insert URLs.

6.3 Responding to a Web collaboration contact

This section describes some of the ways in which you can handle a Web collaboration contact.

6.3.1 Typing a message into a Web collaboration session

When the Contact Details window appears on your screen, you are in reply mode and can begin your response to the contact.

There are many options available for replying to a Web collaboration contact, but occasionally you might prefer to type your own message.

To type a message to send to a contact:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Session** tab, type the text of the message in the work area in the lower part of the tab.
 - To go to the next line in the message, press **ALT+ENTER** on the keyboard.
 - You can type a maximum of approximately 1900 characters. The field maximum is actually 2000 characters, but that includes the HTML code required for formatting.
2. Click **Send**. Sending the message is the default action on the Session tab. When the message is ready to be sent, you can simply press **ENTER**.

6.3.2 Inserting a standard message into a Web collaboration reply

When you reply to a Web collaboration contact, you can save time by using a standard message. You can insert either a generic message or a message associated with the current queue, and then edit the message to meet your requirements.

To insert a standard message into a Web collaboration session:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Insert** menu, click **Insert Message**.
2. In the **Insert Message** dialog box, under **Template**, select a message. You can preview the message under **Message Preview**.
3. Click **Insert**. The message is inserted into the work area, at the cursor position.

Handling Web collaboration sessions

Responding to a Web collaboration contact

4. Click **Close**.

NOTE: As a shortcut, you can click **Insert Message** on the toolbar above the work area, and then select the message from the list.

6.3.3 Inserting an emoticon into a Web collaboration message

Emoticons, such as a happy face, are often used in electronic messages to convey a sense of informality, and to encourage the reader to view the writer as a friendly and helpful person.

To insert an emoticon into a Web collaboration message:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Session** tab, click the **Emoticon** button .
2. In the list, select an emoticon. The emoticon is inserted at the cursor position.

NOTE: As a shortcut, you can insert an emoticon by typing the shortcut that is shown in the list of emoticons.

6.3.4 Inserting a URL into a Web collaboration message

You can insert a URL (Uniform Resource Locator) into a Web collaboration message that you are creating. When the contact receives the message, the URL appears as a clickable link. The contact can click the URL link and go to the specified Web page.

To insert a URL into a message:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Insert** menu, click **URL**.
2. In the **Insert URL** dialog box, select a URL.
3. Click the **Insert** button. The URL is inserted into the work area, at the cursor position.

NOTE: As a shortcut, you can click **Insert URL** on the toolbar above the work area, and then select the URL from the list.

6.3.5 Inviting another user to join a Web collaboration session

You can invite another user to join an ongoing Web collaboration session. When a user receives an invitation to join a session, the complete transcript of the session appears on his or her screen, up to the point where the invitation was sent. The user can review the transcript and then accept or decline the invitation.

To invite another user to join a Web collaboration session:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Invite User**.
2. In the **Invite User** dialog box, select a user to invite to join the session. The **Agents** tab and the **Team List** tab show all the users in the contact center and on your team, respectively, who are logged on to Web collaboration and are not currently handling a Web collaboration session.
3. Click **OK**.

6.3.6 Asking the contact for a telephone number

Use the Call Me feature to ask the contact for a telephone number. Some contacts might prefer a telephone conversation in addition to, or instead of, a Web collaboration session. The Call Me feature sends a special form to the contact's screen. The form contains a place to enter a telephone number, as well as a Refuse button. To use the Call Me feature, you must be logged on to an extension (that is, logged on to either voice or callback).

When the contact sends a telephone number, if you are not available to call the contact (for example, you are now handling a direct call or you are no longer logged on to an extension) a message appears, telling you that the contact sent a telephone number and is waiting for your call.

To ask the contact for a telephone number:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Call Me**. A message is sent to the contact, asking for a telephone number.
2. When the contact sends a telephone number, the New Call dialog box appears on your screen. Use the **New Call** dialog box to complete the call.

6.4 Disconnecting from a Web collaboration session

When you finish handling a Web collaboration contact, you can disconnect from the session.

- If you are the only user talking to a Web collaboration contact, the session ends when you disconnect.
- If you are in a conference session with the Web collaboration contact and another user, the session continues when you disconnect.

To disconnect from a Web collaboration session:

- In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Actions** menu, click **Disconnect**.

6.5 Wrapping up a Web collaboration session

Use the Wrap-up tab in the Contact Details window to enter Wrap-up reasons, to show how you completed a Web collaboration session.

If the **Wrap-up reason required** setting is enabled for you in the Manager application, you must select at least one Wrap-up reason.

IMPORTANT: You do not have to wait until you finish handling the contact to enter Wrap-up reasons. You can select one or more Wrap-up reasons at any time. However, do not save the Wrap-up reasons until you have completed the contact, because you can perform only one Save action for Wrap-up reasons. After the Save action, you cannot enter any more Wrap-up reasons.

To wrap up a Web collaboration session:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, click the **Wrap-up** tab.
2. Select the check box for each Wrap-up reason that applies to the contact. Only Wrap-up reasons that are associated with the contact's queue are available.
3. On the **File** menu, click **Save**.

7 Collaborating with other users

This chapter provides an overview of how to use the Speed List and the Team List to help you collaborate with other users.

7.1 Working with the Speed List

The Speed List is your personal, online contact list. The Speed List is a convenient place to store information about people whom you contact frequently, and to make it easy for you to contact them. The Speed List can hold a maximum of 100 entries.

Every entry in the Speed List must have a minimum of one telephone number or e-mail address associated with it. Web collaboration contacts cannot be added to the Speed List.

The Speed List can be accessed from the View menu in the main window, and from the View menu in most other Client Desktop windows.

To display the Speed List:

- On the **View** menu, click **Speed List**.

7.1.1 Adding an entry to the Speed List

Use this procedure to add a new entry to the Speed List. Each entry must have at least one telephone number or e-mail address.

If another Client Desktop window already has an entry for this person, you can add that entry directly to the Speed List. For more information, see [Adding an entry to the Speed List from another contact list](#).

To add an entry to the Speed List:

1. In the main window, on the **Actions** menu, click **New Speed Entry**.
2. In the **Speed Entry** dialog box, in the **Name** box, type the name of the new contact.
3. To enter a telephone number, click in the **Home**, **Office**, or **Mobile** box, and then click  to open the Dial Entry dialog box. In the **Dial Entry** dialog box, enter the required information, and then click **OK**.
4. To enter an e-mail address, in the **Home e-mail** box or **Office e-mail** box, type the e-mail address.

Collaborating with other users

Working with the Speed List

5. In the **Default** box, select the telephone number or e-mail address to use as the default contact method when you click the person's name on the Speed Bar.
6. Click **OK**.

7.1.2 Adding an entry to the Speed List from another contact list

You can add an entry to the Speed List from any of the following:

- Team List – The team member must be logged on to either voice or callback. This ensures that there is an extension number associated with the team member.
- Activity Log
- Ongoing Activity Log
- Directory Search (Results tab) – There must be at least one telephone number or e-mail address associated with the entry.
- Contact Details window .

Only entries that have an associated telephone number or e-mail address can be added to the Speed List. Web collaboration contacts cannot be added to the Speed List.

To add an entry to the Speed List from another contact list:

1. Open the window that contains the contact to be added.
2. Click the entry. (This step is not necessary in the Contact Details window.)
3. On the **Actions** menu, click **Add to Speed List**.

7.1.3 Searching for an entry in the Speed List

When there are many entries in the Speed List, or when not all the columns of information are displayed, you can use the search tool to help you find a particular entry.

The results of a search are displayed on the Results tab. You can take the same actions for an entry on the Results tab as you can take on the Speed List tab. For example, you can contact an entry by telephone or e-mail.

To search for an entry in the Speed List:

1. In the **Speed List**, on the **Tools** menu, click **Find**. The Look For and Search In boxes appear below the standard toolbar.
2. In the **Look For** box, type any information that you have about the entry (for example, all or part of a name, telephone number, or other attribute of the contact). You can enter words in uppercase or lowercase. The search tool is not case sensitive.
3. In the **Search In** box, select **Speed List**.
4. Click . The Results tab appears, displaying all the entries that were found.

7.1.4 Calling a person in the Speed List

You can call a person in the Speed List, provided that there is at least one telephone number associated with the Speed List entry. To call a person in the Speed List, you must be logged on to an extension (that is, logged on to either voice or callback).

To call a person in the Speed List:

1. In the **Speed List**, click the entry that you want to call.
2. On the **Actions** menu, point to **Call**, and then click the number to dial.
3. In the **New Call** dialog box, complete the call.

7.1.5 Sending an e-mail message to a person in the Speed List

You can send an e-mail message to a person in the Speed List, provided that there is at least one e-mail address associated with the Speed List entry. To create a new e-mail message, you must be logged on to e-mail. If you are handling an existing message or if there is a new message waiting on your screen, you must complete this message before starting a new e-mail message.

To send an e-mail message to a person in the Speed List:

1. In the **Speed List**, click the entry that you want to send an e-mail message to.
2. On the **Actions** menu, point to **E-mail** and then click the address to use.
3. In the **Contact Details** window, enter the details of the e-mail message.

7.1.6 Viewing the details of an entry in the Speed List

You can configure the appearance of the Speed List (for example, by selecting only certain columns to display). Regardless of the columns that are displayed, you can always view all the details of an entry in the Speed List.

To view the details of an entry in the Speed List:

1. In the **Speed List**, click the entry whose details you want to view.
2. On the **Actions** menu, click **Open Speed Entry**.

7.2 Working with the Team List

The Team List displays information about the members of your team. A supervisor or manager configures your team in the Manager application. You might want to check the Team List before you contact another team member for information or assistance.

The Team List can be accessed from the View menu in the main window, and from the View menu in most other Client Desktop windows.

To display the Team List:

- On the **View** menu, click **Team List**.

7.2.1 Searching for an entry in the Team List

When there are many entries in the Team List, or when not all the columns of information are displayed, you can use the search tool to help you find a particular entry.

The results of a search are displayed on the Results tab. You can take the same actions for an entry on the Results tab as you can take on the Team List tab. For example, you can contact an entry by telephone.

To search for an entry in the Team List:

1. In the **Team List**, on the **Tools** menu, click **Find**.
Two boxes (Look For and Search In) appear below the standard toolbar.
2. In the **Look For** box, type any information that you have about the entry (for example, all or part of a name, telephone number, or other attribute of the contact). You can enter words in uppercase or lowercase. The search tool is not case sensitive.
3. In the **Search In** box, select **Team List**.
4. Click . The Results tab appears, displaying all the entries that were found.

7.2.2 Calling a person in the Team List

When you want to call a member of your team, the information that is displayed in the Team List can help you decide whether it is a good time to call that person. For example, you can see whether the team member is currently handling a contact, and how many contacts are waiting for the team member.

Both you and the team member must be logged on to an extension (that is, logged on to either voice or callback).

To call a person on the Team List:

1. In the **Team List**, click the entry that you want to call.
2. On the **Actions** menu, point to **Call**, and then click the person's telephone or extension number. The call is automatically dialed for you.

7.2.3 Viewing the details of an entry in the Team List

You can configure the appearance of the Team List (for example, by selecting only certain columns to display). Regardless of the columns that are displayed, you can always view all the details of an entry in the Team List.

To view the details of an entry in the Team List:

1. In the **Team List**, click the entry whose details you want to view.
2. On the **Actions** menu, click **Open Team List Entry**.

7.3 Working with directories

You can use the directory feature to search external directories and databases in real time (for example, your company's directory or another external directory service). This is helpful when you need to contact colleagues and customers who are outside the contact center.

A manager or supervisor uses the Manager application to give you access to the directory. In addition, the manager or supervisor configures the fields that you can use as the search criteria and the fields that display the results of the search.

The directory might contain the following information:

- Name of the person.
- Home, office, or mobile telephone number.
- Home or office e-mail address.
- Other information (for example, department, title, or specialty).

7.3.1 Searching a directory

The Directory Search window is a convenient tool for querying a directory (searching for specific entries) and for using the results of the search. Directory searches are real-time searches. The specified directory is searched immediately and the results of the search appear in a short time.

The Directory Search window has two tabs:

- **Query tab** – The Query tab is used to enter the search criteria. The fields that you can use as the search criteria are configured in the Manager application. For example, a Name field is commonly used to search a directory. You can use the Client Desktop application to configure the settings of the directory search fields, to make your searches easier.
- **Results tab** – The Results tab displays the results of a directory search. The type of information that is displayed on the Results tab depends, first, on how the result fields are configured in the Manager application, and second, on how you configure the result fields in the Client Desktop application.

NOTE: To perform a directory search, the **Directory** permission must be enabled for you in the Manager application, and your connection settings for the directory must be properly configured.

You can start a directory search in one of the following ways:

- [Searching a directory using the Directory Search window](#)
- [Searching a directory using the Quick Search toolbar](#)

Regardless of how you start the search, the results of the search are displayed on the Results tab of the Directory Search window. You can take a variety of actions against the entries on the Results tab in the Directory Search window.

7.3.1.1 Searching a directory using the Directory Search window

You can search a directory using the Directory Search window.

To search a directory using the Directory Search window:

1. Open the **Directory Search** window by doing one of the following:
 - On the **View** menu, click **Directory Search**.
 - On the toolbar, click the **Directory Search** button .
2. Under **Criteria**, in the **Directory** list, select the name of the directory that you want to search.
3. Narrow the search by entering any search criteria that you know in the appropriate box. For example, you can enter the name, telephone number, or e-mail address of the entry that you are looking for. If you know only part of a name, telephone number, or e-mail address, you can enter that part.
4. Click  **Find Now**. The **Results** tab opens, displaying all the entries that were found.

7.3.1.2 Searching a directory using the Quick Search toolbar

You can search a directory using the Quick Search toolbar in the Contact Details window.

NOTE: If the Quick Search toolbar is not displayed in the Contact Details window, on the **Tools** menu, click **Customize**, click the **Toolbars** tab, and then select the **Quick Search** check box.

To search a directory using the Quick Search toolbar:

1. In the **Contact Details** window, on the **Quick Search** toolbar, in the **Directory Query** box, type or select the information that you know about the entry you are looking for.
2. In the **Search In** list, select the field that you want to search in.
3. In the **Directory** list, select the name of the directory that you want to search.
4. Click . The **Directory Search** window opens to the **Results** tab, displaying all the entries that were found.

7.3.2 Calling a person in a directory

When you use the Directory Search window to conduct a search, you can call an entry that appears on the Results tab, provided that there is a telephone number associated with the entry. For details about conducting a directory search, see [Searching a directory](#).

NOTE: The Client Desktop application supports one-step calling for certain telephone numbers. These numbers are identified on the Call submenu by a shortcut, for example, Ctrl+F4, beside them. When you click the number or press the shortcut keys, the Client Desktop immediately dials the number.

To call a person in a directory:

1. In the **Directory Search** window, on the **Results** tab, click the entry that you want to call.
2. On the **Actions** menu, point to **Call**, and then click the person's telephone or extension number. The call is automatically dialed for you.

7.3.3 Creating a callback for a person in a directory

When you use the Directory Search window to conduct a search, you can create a callback for an entry that appears on the Results tab, provided that there is a telephone number associated with the entry. For details about conducting a directory search, see [Searching a directory](#).

To create a callback for a person in a directory:

1. In the **Directory Search** window, on the **Results** tab, click the entry for that person.
2. On the **Actions** menu, point to **Callback**, and then click the number to use to create the callback. The Contact Details window appears. In the lower part of the window, you can see the first Schedule item, which the system automatically creates for you.
3. In the **Contact Details** window, enter the details of the new callback.

7.3.4 Sending an e-mail message to a person in a directory

When you use the Directory Search window to conduct a search, you can send an e-mail message to an entry that appears on the Results tab, provided that there is an e-mail address associated with the entry. For details about conducting a directory search, see [Searching a directory](#).

To create a new e-mail message, you must be logged on to e-mail. If you are handling an existing message or if there is a new message waiting on your screen, you must complete this message before starting a new e-mail message.

There are two ways to send an e-mail message to a person in a directory:

- Using the directory entry.
- Using the Directory List Entry dialog box.

To send an e-mail message to a person in a directory:

1. Find the person whom you want to send an e-mail message to.
2. In the **Directory Search** window, on the **Results** tab, click the entry to send the e-mail message to.
3. Do one of the following:
 - On the **Actions** menu, point to **E-mail** and then click the address to use.
 - On the **Actions** menu, point to Open, and then in the **Directory List Entry** dialog box, click  beside the e-mail address to use.
4. In the **Contact Details** window, enter the details of the message.

Collaborating with other users

Working with directories

Index

A

- Active Contacts List
 - displaying 20
 - using 19
- assistance, requesting 21
- automatic changes to Post-processing state 15
- Available state
 - about 10
 - changing to 13

B

- business units, logging on 7
- buttons on telephone 12, 14, 20

C

- callback
 - logging on 29
- callback schedule entries
 - definition 30
- callbacks
 - about 29
 - accepting or deleting 30
 - completing 33
 - conferencing 30
 - consulting with another user 30
 - disconnecting 32
 - placing on hold 30
 - preparing to handle 29
 - Retry options 32
 - transferring to another user 30
 - working with Schedule tab 30
- callbacks, new
 - for entry in directory 54
- calls
 - about 23
 - answering 23
 - completing 28
 - consulting with another user 24
 - disconnecting 27
 - placing on hold 24
 - preparing to handle 23
 - transferring 25
- calls, new
 - to entry in directory 54
- consulting, benefits of system placing call on hold 24

- Contact Data tab in Contact Details window
 - about 18
 - updating customer information 18
- Contact Details window
 - about 17
 - Contact Data tab 18
 - Details tab 18
 - Directory tab 19
 - format of times 18
 - Schedule tab (for callbacks) 30
 - Session tab (for Web collaboration contacts) 42
 - tabs 17
 - when the window appears 17
 - Wrap-up tab 19
- Contacts Waiting Indicator
 - about 20
 - displaying 20

D

- Details tab in Contact Details window
 - about 18
- directories
 - about 51
 - searching and displaying results 51
- directory search
 - about 52
 - examples of actions on results tab 52
 - query tab 52
 - results tab 52
- Directory tab in Contact Details window
 - viewing contact information 19
- documentation
 - formatting conventions 5
 - intended audience 5
 - providing feedback 6

E

- e-mail
 - logging on 35
- e-mail messages
 - about 35
 - accepted by system 36
 - completing 40
 - Contact Details window 36
 - Message tab in Contact Details window 36
 - outstanding messages 35
 - preparing to handle 35
- e-mail messages, handling
 - consulting externally 38
 - deferring 39
 - forwarding to another user 38

Index

- replying 37
- replying in training mode 37
- resuming 39
- e-mail messages, historical
 - about 35
- e-mail messages, new
 - sending to entry in directory 55
- emoticons, inserting in Web collaboration sessions 44

H

- handling contacts, common tasks
 - see *also* Contact Details window
 - displaying Contacts Waiting Indicator 20
- handling multiple contacts at one time 19
- handling states
 - about 11
 - automatic changes to Post-processing state 15
 - changing reason for 16

I

- introduction to Client Desktop application 7
- IVR system
 - role in handling contacts 29

L

- lamp indicators on telephone 12, 14, 20
- logging on
 - callback 29
 - connecting to server machine 7
 - e-mail 35
 - entering user name and password 7
 - voice 23
 - Web collaboration 41

M

- main window
 - overview of tools 8
 - standard toolbar 9
- media
 - selecting during first logon 7
- multiple contacts, handling 19

P

- Post-processing handling state
 - about 11
 - automatic changes to 15
 - changing reason for 16
 - entering 14
 - exiting 14
- presence states
 - defined 12

R

- reasons
 - changing Post-processing reason 16
 - changing Unavailable or Work reason 13
 - selecting reason to retry callback later 32
- request for assistance
 - canceling 22
 - initiating 22
- Retry options, selecting 32
- routing states
 - about 10
 - changing 13
 - changing reason for 13

S

- Speed List
 - about 47
 - adding entry from another list 48
 - adding new entry 47
 - calling person 49
 - default contact method 47
 - displaying 47
 - searching for entry 48
 - sending e-mail message to person 49
 - viewing details of entry 50
- standard messages, inserting in Web collaboration sessions 43

T

- Team List
 - about 50
 - calling person 51
 - displaying 50
 - searching for entry 50
 - viewing details of entry 51
- telephone, buttons and indicators 12, 14, 20
- templates
 - using in Web collaboration messages 43
- training mode, replying to e-mail messages 37

U

- Unavailable state
 - about 10
 - changing to 13
- URLs
 - inserting into Web collaboration sessions 44

V

- voice
 - logging on 23
- voice contacts, see calls

W

- Web collaboration
 - logging on 41
- Web collaboration contacts
 - about 41
 - completing 46
 - disconnecting 46
 - how sessions are created 41
 - inserting emoticons 44
 - inserting standard messages 43
 - inserting URLs 44
 - inviting another user to join session 45
 - preparing to handle 41
 - typing 43
 - working with Session tab 42
- Work state
 - about 10
 - changing to 13
- Wrap-up reasons, selecting 19

